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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/785,281	02/24/2004	Brian K., Langendorf	42P6727C2 3849	
8791 75	590 10/12/2004		EXAMINER	
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN 12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD			TUNG, KEE M	
SEVENTH FLOOR		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES, CA 90025-1030		2676	
			DATE MAILED: 10/12/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comment	10/785,281	LANGENDORF, BRIAN K				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Kee M Tung	2676				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of pailure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to cause the application to become ABANDONET	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 Fe	<u>ebruary 2004</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
<u> </u>	_					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine		·				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
		• •				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
	and an analysis of the analysi	7.00.011.01.101.101.02.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 						
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 						
application from the International Bureau		d in this National Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of		4				
and analysis detailed amos deficit for a list of	or the certified copies flot received	J.				
Au						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	, □					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dal	PTO-413) te				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/24/04.	5) Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-152)				
S Para Tarland Tarland Date <u>2/24/04</u> .	6) Other:					

Art Unit: 2676

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the two graphics controller coupled to the AGP bus (claim 11). No new matter should be entered.

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Double Patenting

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

3. Claims 1-18 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-2, 7-10 and 15-16 of U.S. Patent No. 6,717,581. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the present claims are broader than the parent patent claims by claimed less features than the patent claims, such as,

Application/Control Number: 10/785,281

Art Unit: 2676

exchanging requests for access to the third bus interface ... and arbitrating access to the fourth bus interface

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

5. Claims 1-11 and 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Olarig et al (6,167,476 hereinafter "Olarig").

As per claim 1, Olarig teaches a method comprising one or more graphics controller (Fig. 3A, 110 and col. 8, lines 1-3 and 12-21 and Fig. 16, 166s) receiving AGP transaction requests (col. 15, lines 13-16) at a first bus interface (Fig. 3A, AGP 107) from a core logic device (104); the graphics controller buffering the received AGP transaction requests using a request queue (col. 15, lines 1-22) coupled to the first bus interface; exchanging the AGP transaction requests using a second bus interface (such as, AGP/AGP bridge 160) for access to the first bus interface between the core logic

Application/Control Number: 10/785,281

Art Unit: 2676

device and a graphics controller; arbitrating access to the first bus interface using a request arbiter (such as, Fig. 4A, 248) coupled to the second bus interface; and the graphics controller initiating a data transaction in response to the AGP transaction request (col. 15, lines 5-7). Therefore, at least claim 1 is anticipated by Olarig.

As per claims 2 and 3, Olarig further teaches a third bus interface and a fourth bus interface (see Figs. 4A, 4Ab, 4B, 4E and 4Eb; and col. 15, lines 1-22).

As per claim 4, Olarig teaches implementing a common, distributed arbitration mechanism using the request arbiter and a corresponding request arbiter of the core logic device (such as, within the AGP/AGP bridge 160 and core logic 104).

Claims 5-7 are similar in scope to claims 1-4, and thus are rejected under similar rationale.

Claims 8-10 are similar in scope to claims 1-4, and thus are rejected under similar rationale.

Claims 11 and 13-16 are similar in scope to claims 1-4, and thus are rejected under similar rationale.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 12, 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Olarig et al (6,167,476 hereinafter "Olarig") in view of Jeddeloh (6,477,623) or Aleksic et al (6,469,703 hereinafter "Aleksic").

The teachings of Olarig are given in previous paragraph of this Office action. However, Olarig fails to explicitly suggest or teach an integrated graphics controller. This is what Jeddeloh (Fig. 2, 140) or Aleksic (Fig. 1, 120) teaches. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the present invention was made to combine the teachings of integrated graphics controller of Jeddeloh or Aleksic into Olarig in order to provide higher bandwidth communications between the graphics controller and other system components as taught by Jeddeloh (abstract) or in order to overcome the bandwidth limitation from prior art system as taught by Aleksic (col. 1, line 38 to col. 2, line 9). Therefore, at least claims 12, 17 and 18 would have been obvious.

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kee M Tung whose telephone number is 703-305-9660. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday - Friday from 5:30 am - 4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Bella can be reached on 703-308-6829. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/785,281

Art Unit: 2676

Page 6

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kee M Tung

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 2676